dress of fine organdic veiled in chiffon, both being in solid color.

These freeks are of course for girls from 7 to 12. The tiny tots do not aspire to such

FOR THE WEE FOLK

Linen Leads in the Modes for Little Ones.

THE COLLAR A GREAT FEATURE.

Points for Mothers to Remember About Children's Clothese

Fashions of Grown-Up People Pollowed -A Note of Red in Favor-Pique Freche-Flowered Materials-Colored Embreideries Much Used-Many Varicties of Thin Stuffs to Choose From

The draw of the little folk holds faint schoes of the fads prevailing in the fashions for grown ups. The hand work, the heavy laces, the braiding, the piping, the ruches, the deep collars, the stoles, all appear in modified form upon the freeks for wee girls and boys, and the materials that are new and popular are in many cases adopted for children's wear. In this province of fashion, as in all others,

linen has tremendous vogue, and in its tub frocks and suits for the very little men and women. Linen, of course, or fine mesh, rough or smooth finish, has, to a great extent, superseded piqué for children's wear; and though white linen stands first in favor, all the cool blues and greens and pinks and forus are much liked.

These linea frocks are, as a rule, made rather severely, though, occasionally, one sees upon even a little tot linen combined with heavy lace after the fashion affected by her elders. Constructing bands or bands thed in color give a more childlike affect and the wash linen or cotton with embroideries in designs not too elaborate are distinctly successful.

Russian cross stitch embroidery in frank reds and blues is particularly favored in the making of children's clothes, and de-lightful little models in white linen are shown, with Russian blouses or Russian mooks trimmed in bands embroidered in blue and scarlet Russian cross stitch. The scru linens, too, take this trimming well and often a piping of either red or blue adds to the effect.

A note of red appears as frequently in the season's fashions for children as in those for adults and in combination with white gives character without the appearance of warmth which makes solid red a trying summer color. Red stitchings or pipings, red scarfs, red leather belts, red embroideries are used not only with the linens, but with all the wasnable and nonwashable fabrice. The bands of crash or linen embroidered in bright color, which are for sale in all the shops, are especially adaptable to children's garments and will give a certain chic to even the plainest

P'qué has not, by any means, disappeared from the province of children's clothes although it has been forced to yield first place among heavy washable materials to the linens. It is still a popular and serviceable stuff for salor and Russian sifts and for coats of all kinds, and when used for small girls is often ornamented with

Light blue pique, trimmed in bands of white, the latter being bordered by narrow bands of the blue embroldered in white model for a girl of six years; and a some-what similar idea is carried out in a Russian blouse suit for a boy of 4, the material for blouse and full knickers in this case being white pique, while the bands are red and the bordering bands are white with red

All the heavy mercerized cottons are pressed into service for wee maids and men, and for very serviceable wear, the new rather heavy plaid, and checked ginghams are exceedingly popular. Thanks to the season's fad for plaids and checks, these goods are prettier than ever before and may be found in almost any color combination. These plaids are trimmed in bands or pipings of plain color and many of them are rendered more becoming by a broad collar of embroidered linen or of white embroidered batiste.

The collar is, in fact, the great feature of the average contume for children, and the woman who plans a child's wardrobe should give serious study to collar problems. Through the use of a light collar dark and serviceable frocks or suits may be made becoming and dressy. Through the shap-ing of a collar a child's figure may be made to look its best.

There are children who should never wear the straight Russian band or the low shield. There are others to whom the very broad collar is most unbecoming. A little study will make these points clear, and no amount of style will excuse a child's clothes,

if they are unbecoming.

The laws of good taste demand certain things in children's attire, and though, in the name of fashion, many offences against these laws are committed, a child dressed according to the canone is invariably well dressed. In the first place, the clothes should be childish, not mere replicas of ideas originated for older folk. Simplicity and daintiness are keynotes in the dressing of children. The simplicity may be of the costly sorts but pretentious elaboration, however costly, is out of place upon the

Appropriatences is as essential as simplicity and daintiness. Fussy play frocks are in bad form. Simple, durable and picturesque garments are the thing for rough wear, and when one passes out of that province and considers dresser clothes one should still bear in mind the fact that costly stuffs and elaborate trimmings are altogether out of tune with

One may select the finest of mulle, pu upon it a vast amount of labor in hand work, use real Valenciennes lace and insertion upon it, run its cost up to an ap-palling sum; but in the end it must merely give the impression of an indescribably dainty and simple little white frock. Silks, heavy and costly laces and other expensive applied trimmings are essentially unchild-like, end, though many a child of wealthy parents wears them, such a child is not

In the field of sheer wash frocks for children the choice is practically unlimited. All the dimities, the lawns, the organdies, the multes, the lawns, the organdres, the multes, the batistos are pressed into service. White is, of course, the prevailing note; but the light plain colors are used and the sprigged and flowered stuffs make charming freeks for little girls above service. White is, of course, the prevailing note; but the light plain colors are used and the sprigged and flowered stuffs make charming frocks for little girls above 8 years of age.

Care must, however, be exercised in choosing the flowered material. Certain colors are considered to the colors of plate lawn, and lend themselves results to put and cuffs of English embasidary, a jour whose edges was closely buttonholed in almost all cases trim

designs are appropriate for shild wearers. Others are not. One can hardly lay down a hard and fast rule in the matter. The thing must be felt, but it is safe to say that the small flower designs suit child wearers better

thick and sheer stripes or silky and dull stripes in on e tone scattered over with blossoms are effective; and materia with alternating plain and flowered stripes is shown in charming models. One such frock in plain pale blue stripes and stripes

of pink flowers on a white ground, has for

trimming ruffles of sheer white above whose hems are inserted bands of the

whose hems are inserted bands of the flowered stripes, set into the ruffle with open-work stitch. These flowered stripes, usually cut from dimity, are used in this same way as trimmings for sheer all white frocks and the result is admirable.

Valenciennes lace and much hand tucking and shirring are the daintlest trimming

for the frocks of thin white, but other wash laces are used and real Irish lace, though

hardly appropriate, is seen upon many children's organdie frocks. Real laces, in

all the popular varieties, are used upon elaborate cloaks and costumes for children;

but fortunately even the women who can well afford such things do not, as a rule, go

More and more, hand work is replacing

for the fastidious the profusion of lace and embroidery formerly in evidence upon machine-made, children's clothes, and a

little frock of very fine sheer materia

trimmed in hand run tucks, hemstitching,

&c., has much more distinction than a

heavily trimmed machine-made frock.

That fact can not be too much emphasized

or too carefully considered by the mother who wants her small children well dressed

Machine-made tuckings, hemstitchings, dc., to be bought by the yard are pretty

and certainly save time and labor, but they

leave much to be desired as a trimming

dence upon play frocks of linen, gingham,

&c., and the all white batiste and swies

embroideries, lovelier this season than ever before, are used with good results upon children's clothes. Guimpes, boleros, collars and band, trimmings of fine allover embroidery get an added charm from the introduction of hand work.

embroidered by hand in long and short

Sometimes the pattern of the embr is merely outlined in wash silks. Some-

Colored embroideries are mu

for children's frocks.



and blue monotony. The flowered, striped | This spring most of them are plaited in side and pompadour ribbons are also much in demand, but are effective only with frocks of plain color, while with frocks of color

in one tone.

Mexican and Teneriffe drawn work is much used upon both the sheer and the heavy wash frocks and is newer than emset in above plain hems, or between groups of tiny hand tucks; on the skirts and is

On simple frocks, hand tucks and feather stitching are frequently the only trimmings, yet these everyday garments are much more attractive than much more pretentious ones adorned with machine tri Dotted swisses, much worn by children in earlier seasons have been quite elbowed



seide by plain French mulles, batistes, nainsooks or fine lawns. An understip of silk, or preferably this season of fine lawn, is needed for wear under these sheer frocks and is daintily finished with lace and in-

Many of them are made in princ

fashion to avoid the bother of waistbands

The underslip is usually in white or in plain color, but for use under very sheer white, a delicately flowered slip is sometimes provided and gives a charming effect. Sash and hair ribbons repeat the hint of color in the faintly suggested flowering. Batistes and organdies in delicate colors make dainty child frocks, though bardly so attractive as those of white; and outside

the realm of so-called wash fabrics there are generally thought suitable for little girls' party frocks, although there is room

for argument in the matter.

Silk mule, silk mouseline, chiffon and net are unquestionably used for elaborate frocks for children; and while they seem less childlike and appropriate than the fine white lingerie materials, they are very

model sketched here, the plaits are held down for a short distance by lines of hand

embroidery.

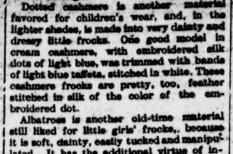
The Russian blouse suit, which in its original form fastens down the left side under a band of embroidery or braiding, is popular for both boys and girls and makes a simple and serviceable play frock, but is not always becoming.

For practical wool frocks, the plaids and

checks are particularly good. The blue and green plastis in soft wool, the shep-herd's plaids in blue and white, red and white, green and white, brown and white, the tartan plaids of all the clans, are bright but serviceable materials for children's wear and are made up with pipings of plain colors, or with collar, cuffs, belt, &c., of plain colors. Many of these plaid frocks for little girls have guimpes of white lingerie, which give a freshness to the woollen frock.

Plaids are much used for trimming, as well as for little dresses; but, in this case,

or box plaits from collar band to hem and with them is worn a belt in Russian



it is soft, dainty, easily tucked and manipul lated. It has the additional virtue of in-

material and detail; but one thing must be assured. The tiny skirts must flare crisply, audaciously. If they don't the effect of the model is lost. A sheer French frock with limp and drooping skirt is the mothers. The Scotch plaid etamines are the exception and are particularly youth-ful besides being cool and serviceable. The new soft, lustrous, mohairs or al-

paces have found favor in the realm of child fashions, and though their harsh wiry texture does not recommend them for wear by very small children both little boys and girls sport sailor suits and Russian

suits of this material.

Its wearing qualities and dust shedding faculty commend it, and, especially in white with a trimming of color the alpace suits and dresses are very attractive. Bands of taffeta on broadcloth trim these garments and silk braid often enters into the design. For example, a side-pleated one piece frock of cream white alpaca for a five-year-old girl has a wide collar and belt of light blue cloth bordered by white silk fibre braid

and embroidered in a large rope stitch

design with coarse white silk floss.

Mohair is much used for children's coats

and, oddly enough, many of these mohair

coats for very small folk are in black with

deep collars of heavy lace and linen, and

huge pearl buttons.

Serges and flannels are always stock

materials for the child's outfit and the dark uits are brightened by deep collars of

inished with an embroidery frill or an em-

broidery insertion with irregular edge are

effective if carefully made. Deep collars of linen scalleped on the edge and button-

holed in color, by hand are very smart, and to the buttonholed scallop is some-

times added a sprinkling of French knots in the same wash silk used for the button

Silks, with the exception of China silks, are little used for children's clothes, but

bolero is medified forms are handed down to these small girls, and a freek of detted or checked wool, with a loose bolero in plain color, ornamented by strappings and little buttons, is a pleasing model.

The skirts of the small girls, though not so abbreviated as those of their little sisters was still wear French frocks, are some-what shorter than they have been, and are almost without exception platted or shirred into considerable fulness. The sleeves of the child's dress have not wan-dered into the vagaries to which the sleeves of grown ups are given over and are in most cases either a full bishop sleeve drooping well over the wristband, or a sleeve cap over a full undersleeve of some

An innovation that should be hailed with joy both by small girls and mothers sanc-tions the use of full bloomers in place of petticoats under every-day frocks. These bloomers should match the frock in color and, often are made of the same material as the tub frock. They are made much like the full trousers worn by small boys but have more fulness and must not show

below the skirt.

Little has been said about boys' clothing, but for the wee boys much that has bee said about clothes for very small girls, applies. Russian blouse suits are the usual thing to succeed frocks and pinafores and sailor suits come along in their turn.

Ducks, piqués and limss are used for



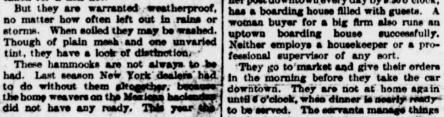
possible. Broad white collars and white its are ubiquitous, but patent leather belts

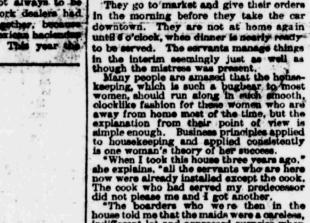
For cool days serge suits made upon the same model used for the tub suits are the thing, and white serge, trimmed in red cloth and gold buttons, is attractive for

WIDE CHOICE IN HAMMOCKS. Most Expensive of All Are These Hand Wrought by Mexican Women.

Hand-wrought Mexican hamme aimple and durable, cost \$55 apiece. They have no valances or decorations, and at first giance the netted cording might be

taken for a fish net. But they are warranted weatherpro no matter how often left out in rains or storms. When soiled they may be washed. Though of plain mesh and one unvaried tint, they have a look of distinction. bright silk or of lingerie. A well fitting hand-made collar of linen, batiste, or lawn will give cachet to the simplest little frock or coat; and when tuckings, inset laces, embroidery, &c., are not practicable, deep collars of fine all-over embroidered muslin





away from home most of the time, but the explanation from their point of view is simple enough. Business principles applied to housekeeping and applied consistently is one woman's theory of her success.

"When I took this house three years ago." she explains, "all the servants who are here now were already installed except the cook. The cook who had served my predecessor did not please me and I got another.

"The boarders who we re then in the house told me that the maids were a careless, indifferent lot and expressed surprise when I said I would try them. But they have done nobly. I had serious talks with them all, and warned them if anything went wrong I'd be bound to hear of it, and if they failed to keep my rules they would be dismissed, no matter at what inconvenience to me.

"I never scold my servants and never reprimand them before people. What I have to say is said in private. On the contrary, if one does a particularly good piece of work I never fall to praise it and if a guest compliments their manners or says anything in praise of their work I tell them for encouragement.

"Perhaps the fact that they are trusted."

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which cover the entire head are de-signed to produce a coffure so per-fect from every polal of excellence as to make detection absolutely im-possible. They are particularly destr-

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It is a noteworthy fact that some of the

best conducted boarding houses of to-day

are run by women who are regularly en-gaged in businesses outside of housekeeping. Here is proof that efficient, trustworthy

A single woman who manages the business

end of a waistmaker's shop and is at

her post downtown every day by 9:30 o'clock,

servants are still in the land.

anything in praise of their work I tell them for encouragement.

"Perhaps the fact that they are trusted more than ordinarily makes them behave better. Of course, it is good fortune to get good servants, but I believe that the mistress can in a measure evolve good servants out of very unpromising material if she manages them with firmness as well as kindness and they know just what to expect."

hindness and they know just what to expect."

All the servants in one of these houses are colored. In the other they are Danes and Swedes. All are women.

Not only boarding houses, but many lodging houses are being conducted by landladies who are active business women. A woman who has built up a lucrative interior-decorating business has no less than four lodging houses in good locations lived in by people of good position.

Jay Cooke's Hats. From the Philadelphia Record.

FF FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE COUNTRY HOUSE DINING-ROOMS.

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Axminster Ruge—8x9 ft., \$12.50; 9x12 ft., \$19.50—specially suitable for Dining-rooms. Mahogany Sideboards, \$43.00—veritable storehouses for all dining-room necessaries. Extension Tables, \$38.60, that will not "groan with viands." China Closets, \$33.00; Side Tables, \$12.00 Chairs, \$4.75. All gleaming with rare beauty that will rival the sunshine in brightening effect. Furniture for every room at factory prices, when you

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Jay Cooke, the venerable financier, always wears a felt hat of a pale fawn color—a hat of the lightest, softest stuff—made in a graceful and odd shape. Three or four of these hats are given each year to Mr. Cooke by his friend and neighbor, John B. Stetson. They are made of the fur of a tiny and rare South American souirrel that is only to be captured among the bleak heights of the Andes, and in them only a small portion of each squirrel's pelt is used—a certain soft and delicate section not more than an inch square. It requires, indeed, twenty-four of the costly Andean squirrels to make one hat like those that Mr Stetson gives to Mr. Cooke. The quality and the value of such a hat are almost indescribable. These hats are not to be bought in the regular way of trade. They have to be so carefully and slowly made, and their material is so costly, that to buy and sell them would net pay.

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war, of the larger stees show extreme, andre more with cong with searth elaboration un make, the general effect is over collar

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